HYDE & BURGESS LTD

Report for Meeting of Creditors (Section 98 Insolvency Act 1986)

Private & Confidential

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LIDARY RURGESS

SEEN AND APPROVED

DCA Business Recovery LLP 2 Nelson Street Southend-on-Sea Essex

SS1 1EF United Kingdom

DCA Business Recovery LLP have not carried out anything in the nature of an audit of this information nor sought to verify the existence of, title to and value of the company's assets and liabilities. We have however discussed a draft of this report with the Directors and they have confirmed that there are no material errors or omissions.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE MEETING OF CREDITORS OF

HYDE & BURGESS LIMITED

HELD ON 10TH JUNE 2016

STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated on 24th July 2007 in the name of Hyde & Burgess Limited and the Company Registration No. is 06322252.

The Company has not had any other names since incorporation.

The Company's business was that of a licensed restaurant and it traded under the trading name of Henry Burgers.

The registered office has been located as follows:

From	То	Registered Office Address	
24 th May 2016	Present	2 Nelson Street, Southend on Sea, Essex, SS1 1EF	
29 th September 2011	23 rd May 2016	20-21 Market Place, Southend on Sea, Essex, SS1 1DA	

The authorised share capital is 100 ordinary shares of £1.00 each, of which £2.00 have been issued and fully paid as follows:

Name of member	Ordinary	Percentage
Henry Burgess	1	50%
Edward Hyde	1	50%

Aside from the formation agents, the officers of the Company have been as follows: -

Name	<u>Position</u>	Appointed	Resigned
Edward Hyde	Director	24 th July 2007	To Date
Henry Burgess	Director	24 th July 2007	To Date
Edward Hyde	Secretary	24 th July 2007	To Date

OTHER INFORMATION

Bankers:

Lloyds Bank

Security held:

None

Accountants:

Goldwyns

Initials <u>MS</u>

HISTORY

The Company was incorporated on the 24th July 2007 with Edward Hyde and Henry Burgess appointed as directors of the business.

Hyde & Burgess Limited traded from 2007 to October 2013 as The Sunrooms which was a bar/nightclub. The Sunrooms was not making enough profits at the time and the directors decided to change the view of the business to that of a burger restaurant wherein it began trading as Henry Burgers.

The business earned a respectable reputation within the local community and was incorporated with a view of providing high quality burgers and alcoholic drinks to its customers however due to the decline of the economy and the fact that similar restaurants had opened around the area, the business soon began to suffer due to the lack of cash flow and turnover.

The director was supporting Hyde & Burgess Limited via his other Company and was lending stock and funds to keep the business afloat. Both the directors' parents also financially supported the business and personally injected funds in to the Company via a loan in order to keep the Company trading.

The director put forward numerous ideas to cut costs which started with a price audit on all of their products and attempted to find cheaper suppliers and requested better prices for stock.

The director also cut back on staff when possible and tried to close early on days where there were no bookings in order to reduce staff costs.

Stock was paid 99% upfront and the alcohol list became smaller with prices also being raised.

The director tried to source more funding for the Company and spoke to his mother and business partners father to request that they loan the Company further funds, however as the business already owed both of them a considerable amount of money, they advised that they could no longer pay any more money to the business.

The director soon began to realise that the Company was unable to meet its liabilities as and when they fell due and sought advice from his accountant regarding the financial problems of the business.

At a meeting with the accountant, the director was referred to Deborah Ann Cockerton of DCA Business Recovery LLP and at a meeting with Deborah Ann Cockerton the director was advised that the business was no longer viable.

It was agreed that the best course of action would be to place the Company in to formal insolvency proceedings by way of a creditor's voluntary liquidation.

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TRADING RESULTS

The most recent accounts prepared for the Company show:

	Unaudited Financial Statements	Unaudited Financial Statements	Unaudited Financial Statements
ABBREVIATED PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT			
ACCOUNT	Y/E 2014	Y/E 2013	Y/E 2012
Turnover	387,843	274,588	405,109
Cost Of Sales	155,728	90,757	151,454
Gross Profit	232,115	183,831	253,655
Administration Expenses	250,143	227,414	299,178
Operating Loss	(18,028)	(43,583)	(45,523)
Interest Payable and Similar Charges	935	1,112	280
Profit/(loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	(18,963)	(44,695)	(45,803)
Tax on Profit on Ordinary Activities		_	
Profit/(loss) on Ordinary Activities after Taxation	(18,963)	(44,695)	-
Dividends	-	-	
Retained Profit/(Loss) for the Year Accumulated Profit/(Loss) Brought Forward Retained Profit/(loss) Carried Forward	(193,145) (212,108)	(148,450) (193,145)	(102,647) (148,450)
DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION	10,000	15,000	20,000

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET			
	Y/E 2014	Y/E 2013	Y/E 2012
Fixed Assets			
Intangible Assets	39,600	52,800	66,000
Tangible Assets	47,086	42,360	56,480
	86,686	95,160	122,480
Current Assets:			
Stocks	3,000	3,000	4,505
Debtors	17,321	12,151	15,222
Cash at Bank and in Hand	2,128	1,986	3,953
	22,449	17,137	23,680
Creditors: amounts falling due within one			
year	46,920	51,297	46,465
Net Current Liabilities	(24,471)	(34,160)	(22,785)
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	62,215	61,000	99,695
Net Assets	(212,106)	(193,143)	248,143
Capital and Reserves			
Called Up Share Capital	2	2	2
Profit and Loss Account	(212,108)	(193,145)	(148,450)
Shareholders' Funds	(212,106)	(193,143)	(148,448)

INSOLVENCY

The Directors attribute the failure of the Company to:

 Several similar businesses trading around the area which have reduced custom resulting in poor cash flow.

The Directors were advised by the Company's accountant to seek advice from a licensed insolvency practitioner. In this regard a meeting of the Board of Directors was held with Deborah Ann Cockerton of DCA Business Recovery LLP on 28th April 2016. Deborah Ann Cockerton advised the Board of the options available and following a discussion DCA Business Recovery LLP were instructed to assist the Directors in preparing a Statement of Affairs and convening meetings of the Company's members and creditors. The notices were despatched on 20th May 2016.

STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS

DCA Business Recovery LLP assisted the Directors in preparing an Estimated Statement of Affairs. Henry Burgess signed a Statement of Truth in respect of the Estimated Statement of Affairs prior to the meeting of creditors. A copy of the Estimated Statement of Affairs is attached and forms part of this report.

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INSOLVENCY PRACTITIONERS' COMMENTS ON THE STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS

Deborah Ann Cockerton of DCA Business Recovery LLP would comment on the Statement of Affairs as follows:

Assets

The director advised the prior to the Company entering in to Liquidation the business was sold via an agent of Ayers and Cruiks and was sold for approximately £20,000 however after taking in to account the costs of estate agent fees and solicitors costs the sum of £15,000 was received.

Intangible Fixed Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill was shown in the last set of accounts for the year ended 31st July 2014 with a net book value of £36,600 however due to the financial position of the business goodwill will realise no value in Liquidation.

Tangible Fixed Assets

Improvements to property

The net book value in respect of improvements to property was shown in the last set of accounts for the year ended 31st July 2014 with a net book value of £6,082 however no realisation will be achieved in Liquidation in regards to this asset.

Fixtures and Fittings

In respect of fixtures and fittings, the last set of accounts dated 31st July 2014 showed a net book value of £41,004 however no realisation will be achieved in Liquidation as the fixtures and fittings was included in the sale of the business.

Current Assets

Stock

The last set of accounts for the year ended 31st July 2014 showed stock with a net book value of £3,000. The director has advised that stock was utilised whilst trading in the period leading up to Liquidation and therefore no realisation will be achieved in Liquidation.

Debtors

Debtors were shown in the last set of accounts for the year ended 31st July 2014 with a net book value of £17,321. The director has stated that this balance related to prepayments of rent and credit card bills and therefore no realisation will be achieved upon the Liquidation of the Company.

Cash in Hand

The last set of accounts for the year ended 31st July 2014 showed cash in hand with a net book value of £2,128.00 however the director has advised that this balance has reduced to meet ongoing costs of the Company. The director has confirmed that the current value in respect of cash in hand which is held in the bank account amounts to £494.37 and this balance is expected to be realised in Liquidation.

Sale of assets to a connected party

There has been no sale of assets to a connected party.

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Liabilities

Secured Liabilities

There are provisions of the insolvency legislation that require a Liquidator to set aside a percentage of a Company's assets for the benefit of the unsecured creditors in cases where the Company gave a "floating charge" over its assets to a lender on or after 15 September 2003. This is known as the "prescribed part of the net property" ("prescribed part"). A Company's net property is that left after paying the preferential creditors, but before paying the lender who holds a floating charge. Any costs of the liquidation that are payable before the Liquidator has reached a position to make a distribution to the floating charge holder have to be deducted from floating charge realisations before arriving at an amount for the "net property" of the Company. As a result, the costs associated with realising floating charge assets, paying preferential claims in full, the general costs of winding up and the costs of confirming the validity of the floating charge will have to be deducted before the "net property" is calculated. The "prescribed part" that the Liquidator then has to set aside for unsecured creditors is:

- 50% of the first £10,000 of the net property; and
- 20% of the remaining net property,
- up to a maximum of £600,000.

As there are no charges registered over the assets of the Company, the prescribed part provisions will not apply.

Preferential Liabilities - Employees

The director has advised the there are no employees who will be making a claim to the Redundancy Payments Office.

Unsecured Liabilities

Trade & Expense Creditors - The Company has 8 known 'trade & expense' creditors owed a total of approximately £4,925.90.

Employees – It is not expected that any liability will arise in respect of employee's claims in the Liquidation.

Director – Mr Burgess other Company is owed approximately £14,383.72 in respect of stock borrowed from the Company which included alcohol refreshments, and various meat products.

Mr Burges' mother is also owed £141,361.30 in respect of a loan to the business and Mr Hyde's father is owed £125,310.08 which is also in respect of a loan to the business. Both have been paid personally by Mr Burges' mother and Mr Hyde's father.

HM Revenue & Customs – PAYE/NIC/CT - It is estimated that £4,219.37 is owed to HM Revenue & Customs by way of the following:

Liability	Period	Amount
PAYE & NIC Corporation Tax		4,219.37
Corporation Tax		£4,219.37

HM Revenue & Customs – VAT - Approximately £26,077.90 is owed to HM Revenue & Customs in respect of unpaid VAT. It is not expected that any liability will arise in respect of Corporation Tax.

Comments as to Transactions with Associated Companies or Individuals

There have been no transactions with associated Companies or individuals.

Hyde & Burgess Limited

Deficiency Account for the period from 1st August 2014 to 10th June 2016

10th June 2016	£	£
Shareholders' funds as at 1 st August 2014		(212,106)
Total deficiency as regards shareholders as at 10 th June 2016		(315,786)
Deficiency		(103,680)
Less: Amounts written down for the purposes of the Statement of Goodwill Improvements to Property Fixtures and Fittings Stock	Affairs (36,600) (6,082) (41,004) (3,000)	
		(86,686)
Estimated trading profit/(loss) incurred in the period 1 st August 2014 to 10 th June 2016	_	(16,994)
		(103,680)

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